

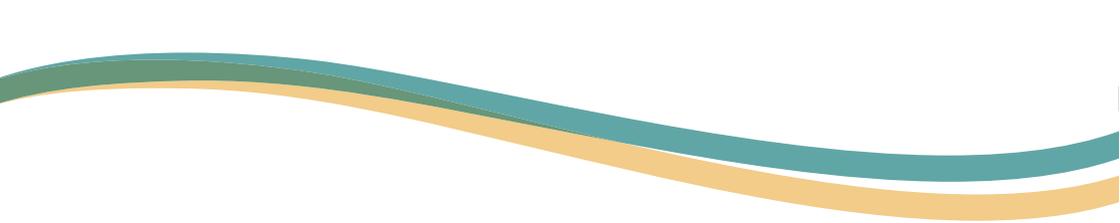
Council Tax

2008-2009



HILLINGDON
LONDON

www.hillingdon.gov.uk



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Introduction

When we were elected, we stated that we would maintain a low level of council tax and invest in improving services for our residents. We have kept that commitment and set a council tax that means you will only pay an overall increase of 2.8% and if you are over 65, you will not have to pay any increase, except for the Greater London Authority portion. I am proud to say that Hillingdon is the first council in the country to give a commitment to older residents to freeze council tax levels for three years.

We are still lobbying the government to fully fund the costs of supporting unaccompanied asylum seeking children who come through Heathrow. If we received these costs, we would have been able to set a zero council tax increase for everyone.

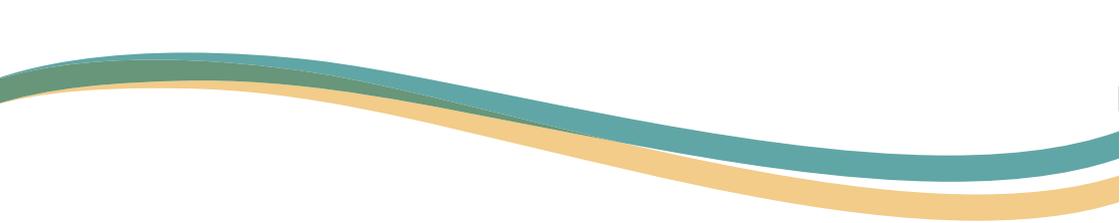
We are investing extra money in things you have told us matter most to local residents, including helping to keep the borough clean and tidy, recycling, support for residents to get onto the housing ladder, more facilities for young people, high-class leisure and cultural facilities and extra support for Hillingdon's older people.

As you can see, we are putting residents at the heart of everything we do, investing in council services, supporting all of our residents and delivering even better services to local people.

This all demonstrates that your council is delivering exceptional value for money, keeping your council taxes low and investing extra money in local services.

Cllr Ray Puddifoot

Leader of the Council



This year's council tax

This leaflet contains information about your council tax for the year beginning on 1 April 2008.

It also shows how much is spent on services provided by Hillingdon Council and how much goes to other organisations such as the Greater London Authority.

The council's plans are based on the services developed in response to the views of our residents and service users, which we have obtained from a wide variety of sources. These service priorities have shaped the 2008/09 budget. We welcome feedback from council tax payers on the council's budget and spending priorities all through the year. We will soon be starting to develop service priorities for 2009/2010 onwards.

If you wish to comment on the services that the council provides, the level of the council tax, or require further information on the council's budget, please visit the 'Contact us' section of the council's website, or email Ben Lea blea@hillington.gov.uk

Council tax payable

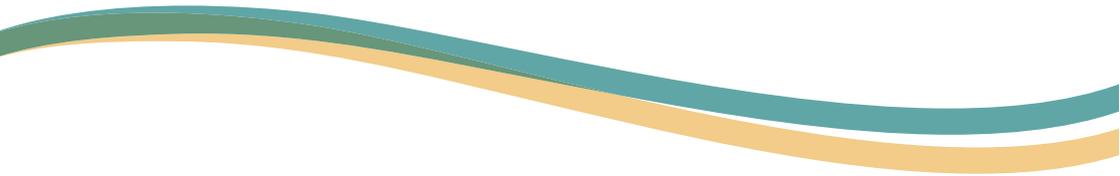
This table shows the amount payable for each property band for Hillingdon Council's services and those of the Greater London Authority (GLA), which include the police and fire service.

Property band	Hillingdon £	GLA £	Total council tax payable £
A	£741.95	£206.55	£948.50
B	£865.61	£240.97	£1,106.58
C	£989.27	£275.40	£1,264.67
D	£1,112.93	£309.82	£1,422.75
E	£1,360.25	£378.67	£1,738.92
F	£1,607.57	£447.52	£2,055.09
G	£1,854.88	£516.37	£2,371.25
H	£2,225.86	£619.64	£2,845.50

Unoccupied properties and second homes

Any property that is not a person's sole or main home, and is unoccupied and substantially unfurnished, is liable for the full council tax.

For a furnished property that is not a sole or main home the council tax bill is reduced by 25%.



Financial information

This year's council tax

Overall increase in council tax	2.77%
Council's own services increased by	3%
Greater London Authority services increased by	1.95%

Amount to be raised by the council tax

The table on page 5 shows the amount of money that has to be raised from council tax for the London Borough of Hillingdon and the precept that the Greater London Authority makes.

The sum to be financed is the budget requirement less general 'formula grant' funding from the Government.

The resulting amount to be funded from the council tax is divided by the total number of properties subject to council tax – know as the council tax base. The tax base is expressed in terms of Band 'D' equivalent properties. From the charge per Band 'D' property, the charges for all other properties are calculated.

Amount to be raised by the council tax

<i>Description</i>	<i>2007/08 £'000</i>	<i>2008/09 £'000</i>
London Borough of Hillingdon	178,090	187,347
Greater London Authority	29,179	29,784
Sub total	207,269	217,131
Less:		
Formula grant	-74,680	-81,259
Collection fund adjustment	344	901
To be financed from the council tax	132,933	136,773
Band D equivalent properties	96,023	96,132
Charge for band D properties	1,384.39	1,422.75

Development of 2008/09 budget from 2007/08 budget

<i>Description</i>	<i>2008/09 £'000</i>
Budget requirement 2007/08	178,090
Inflation	5,445
Increased demand for services	9,425
Savings and efficiencies	-11,348
New service developments	1,907
Other adjustments	5,078
Change in contribution to balances	-1,250
Net budget 2008/09	187,347

Cost of services provided

This section gives the cost of the main services provided directly by the London Borough of Hillingdon, together with the cost of services provided for the area by other bodies that charge the council a levy for their services.

	2007/2008		2008/2009	
	<i>Gross expenditure</i> £'000	<i>Net expenditure</i> £'000	<i>Gross expenditure</i> £'000	<i>Net expenditure</i> £'000
Services provided by the London Borough of Hillingdon				
Central services to the public	25,583	4,550	26,321	5,179
Cultural, environmental and planning services	50,522	30,320	50,449	30,117
Education services	245,974	20,909	252,631	24,027
Highways, roads and transport services	28,039	12,302	26,823	12,050
Housing services	136,820	9,919	137,101	10,153
Social Services	134,088	87,149	138,070	93,749
Court and probation services	173	173	178	178
Corporate and democratic services	10,117	6,790	10,167	7,253
Sub total	631,316	172,112	641,740	182,706
Bodies charging the London Borough of Hillingdon				
Environment Agency	178	178	194	194
West London Waste Disposal Authority	5,433	5,433	6,246	6,246
London Borough Grants Committee	901	901	878	878
Concessionary Fares Scheme	8,264	8,264	7,578	7,578
London Pensions Fund Authority	287	287	405	405
Other income and expenditure	16,117	-9,085	15,918	-10,660
Total	662,496	178,090	672,959	187,347

Additional financial information

The summary of the council's budget can be seen at the Central Library, Uxbridge from June 2008.

Further information about council services can be found on the council's website: www.hillingdon.gov.uk

The property valuation bands

All homes, including houses, flats, mobile homes and house boats, are subject to council tax.

Every property is placed within one of the eight valuation bands for England by the Listing Officer at the Valuation Office Agency (for the Inland Revenue).

<i>Valuation band</i>	<i>Range of values</i>		
A		up to	£40,000
B	£40,000	to	£52,000
C	£52,000	to	£68,000
D	£68,000	to	£88,000
E	£88,000	to	£120,000
F	£120,000	to	£160,000
G	£160,000	to	£320,000
H		more than	£320,000

Your council tax bill shows which band your property is in. The bands relate to the expected sale price of each property as at April 1, 1991, not current sales values. Changes in the property market since 1991 do not affect your council tax bill.

Valuation banding appeals

If you have an enquiry regarding the banding of your property or wish to appeal against it contact:

 The Listing Officer, Valuation Agency
1st Floor Lyon House
Lyon Road
Harrow
Middlesex HA1 2YG

 020 8276 2800, between 10am and 4pm,
Monday to Friday.

The grounds for appeal are: property demolished; houses converted to flats or flats back to houses; changes in the locality affecting values e.g. opening of a new shopping centre. Additionally, within six months of: a band change to your property by the listing officer; a band change to a similar property to yours made by the Appeal Court; becoming a new council tax payer at a property.

Making an appeal does not entitle you to withhold payment of council tax. If your appeal is successful you will receive a refund of any overpayment.

Paying your council tax

The council tax is payable in ten monthly instalments but you can pay the whole amount in one or two payments if you wish.

How to pay

There are a number of ways in which you can pay.

Which date will you choose?



Paying by **direct debit** is the easiest and most convenient way to pay your council tax

- Choose from four payment dates
- Your bill is paid automatically
- There's no paperwork, one call is all it takes

Interested? Tel 01895 250000 (9am to 5pm)

24 hour telephone payments. Please telephone 01895 556699 and have your debit/credit card and your council tax reference number ready. Full instructions for using this service are given in each call.

Internet or telephone banking. Please use sort code 40-45-08, bank account number 21743589 and the council tax reference on your bill.

Online payment (debit cards only). Either go to www.hillingdon.gov.uk and select online payments, or to www.billpayment.co.uk using your debit card details and the council tax reference on your bill.

Council Tax Payment Card. You can use the card to pay at any Post Office, PayPoint, participating e-pay and Payzone outlet. Please note that e-pay and Paypoint outlets only accept cash payments. A list of all payment outlets is available on www.hillingdon.gov.uk.

The card cannot be used at banks.

Allow enough time for your payment to reach us

This is usually four working days for bank payments, seven working days for a cheque sent by first class post and up to ten working days for payments via the post office.

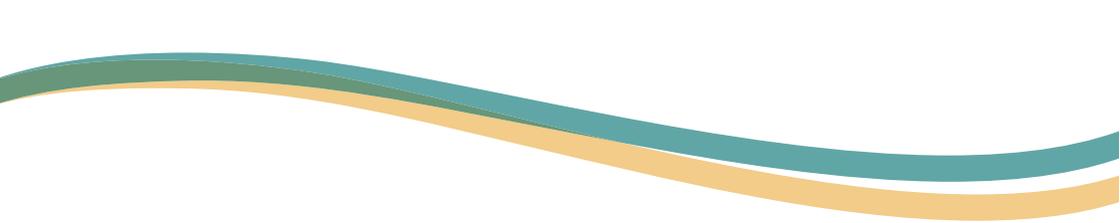
Having financial difficulties?

If you are likely to get behind with your instalments you should contact the council tax office quickly to discuss an arrangement to pay.

If you are on a low income you can apply for council tax benefit for a reduction in the amount you pay. See under Council tax reductions.

Late or missed payments

Instalment payments must be received on or before the date they are due. If your instalment payments are not received on time you will receive a reminder notice. Failure to pay on time more than once in a financial year could lead to the instalment arrangement being cancelled. If so, you will have to pay the amount due to the end of the year in full. If payment is not made, legal action will be taken and all costs of such action will be added to your bill.



Council tax reductions

For pensioners, families and single people

People on low income

If you are on low income you can apply for council tax benefit for a reduction in the amount you have to pay. If you qualify for benefit it is your right to receive it.

The level of benefit will depend on: the size of your family; your capital/savings; your income; the amount of council tax.

The maximum amount that you can receive is 100% of your council tax. If you are in receipt of Income Support you will have nothing to pay, so long as you have no one else living with you other than your partner and/or any dependent children.

Couples – if you are married or living with someone as husband, wife or same sex partner you will normally be jointly responsible for the council tax bill. Only make one claim for council tax benefit, which will be assessed on your joint income.

Capital limit – if you or your partner have capital or savings of more than £16,000 you will not be entitled to council tax benefit. This is known as the ‘capital limit’ and has been set by Parliament, not the council. For couples the £16,000 applies per claim not per person.

Non-dependant’s deduction – an amount will be deducted from your council tax benefit if you have someone other than your partner or dependent children living in your household. The amount will depend on the person’s gross weekly income.

Second adult rebate – if you're single and someone over 18 shares your home who does not pay rent you may be entitled to claim a rebate if the person's income is less than £219.99 a week. If more than one person lives with you their combined weekly income must not exceed £219.99 for you to be eligible to claim.

Any entitlement to council tax benefit will only be granted from the Monday after your application is received in the benefits office.

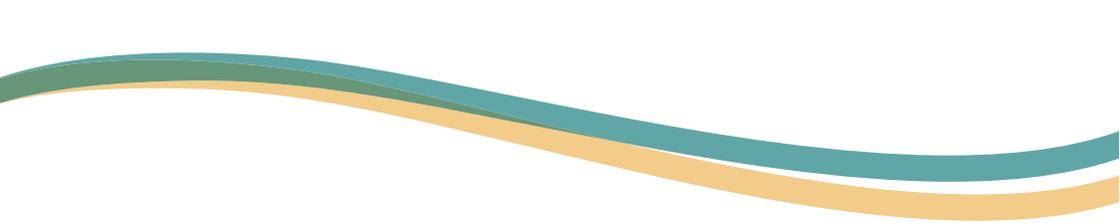
People with disabilities

You may be entitled to a reduction in your council tax bill if your home has certain features which are essential (or of major importance) to the well being of a disabled person (adult or child) who lives there.

The features are:

- a room (other than a bathroom, kitchen or toilet) used mainly by a disabled person (e.g. for storing dialysis equipment or a ground floor bedroom in a property with two or more floors).
- an additional kitchen or a bathroom (with bath and/or shower, not just a toilet and wash basin) for the use of the disabled person.
- extra space inside the property to allow for the use of a wheelchair.

If you are eligible your bill will be reduced to that of a property in the valuation band immediately below the actual band of your property.



Discounts and exemptions

The following information is a general guide. Please contact the council tax office if you believe you're entitled to a discount or exemption.

Regular reviews of discounts are undertaken. People in receipt of a discount may receive a 'review form', which should be completed and returned without delay.

If your bill shows an exemption, it may cease during the year if the exemption is time limited, or if your circumstances or those relating to the property change.

Discounts

The full council tax bill assumes that there are two adults in a property. If only one adult lives there the council tax bill will be reduced by 25%.

The following people are not counted for council tax purposes when deciding the number of adults living in a property:

- full time students, student nurses and youth training trainees
- patients in hospital and people looked after in a care home
- people who are severely mentally impaired
- those staying in certain hostels or night shelters
- care workers on low pay working for charities
- people caring for someone with a disability, who is not a spouse, partner or child under 18 years of age
- members of visiting armed forces and certain international institutions

- members of religious communities (monks and nuns)
- people in prison (unless sentenced for non-payment of council tax, community charge or a fine)
- 18 and 19 year olds who are in, or who have just left, a course of education for the period May 1 to October 31
- apprentices earning less than £160 a week.

Exemptions

Properties are exempt from the council tax if they fall into any of the following:

Property that is unoccupied and:

- substantially unfurnished and requires, or is undergoing, major repair work, or being structurally altered to make it habitable: exempt for up to 12 months.
- owned by a charity: exempt up to six months.
- substantially unfurnished, including newly built property: exempt for up to six months.
- was last occupied by someone who has gone into prison (unless sentenced for non-payment of council tax, community charge or a fine).
- was last occupied by someone who has gone into hospital or a nursing home in order to receive personal care.
- where probate or letters of administration are awaited: exempt for up to six months after either have been granted.
- where occupation is prohibited by law.
- is waiting to be occupied by a minister of religion.

- where the previous occupier has moved elsewhere (other than hospital or care home) to receive or provide personal care through old age, disability, illness or mental disorder past or present, alcohol or drug dependence.
- is owned by a full time student and was their last sole or main residence.
- which has been repossessed.
- where the liable person is acting as a trustee in bankruptcy.

Exemptions also apply to:

- student halls of residence; forces' barracks and married quarters; a caravan pitch or mooring not in use; an unoccupied annexe which is part of a single dwelling.
- property where the liable person is a member of (or has a relevant association with) visiting armed forces, or is a visiting non-UK citizen entitled to diplomatic privileges or immunities.
- property where all residents are full time students, or is occupied by person(s) under 18, or those severely mentally impaired.
- an annexe of an occupied dwelling which is occupied by a dependent relative.

Certain conditions may apply to exemptions. Please contact the council tax office for further details.

Change of circumstances

If your bill shows a discount or an exemption, you must inform us immediately of any change in circumstances which may affect your entitlement to either.

Changes include: people leaving or joining your household; children reaching the age of 18 even if they are still at school, college or university; a person no longer being in one of the discount groups e.g. a student finishing their course of study; the property becoming occupied.

Failure to tell us within 21 days of a change, without good reason, may mean you are liable for a £50 penalty.

If you are receiving sole occupancy discount it is essential that you let us know if your circumstances change and you are no longer entitled to it.

Hillingdon's over 65's council tax discount

As part of the council's commitment to improve the general quality of life for older people in the borough, the council has agreed a discount on the Hillingdon element of the this years charge. For those who qualify, this means that the Hillingdon element of the charge has remained at the 2007/2008 level.

You could also qualify for this discount if, on the 1 April 2008:

- You, or your partner, are 65 or over
- You are living in a property in the London Borough of Hillingdon and are responsible for paying the council tax
- You are not in receipt of council tax benefit.

If you think you may be entitled to the over 65's discount and it is not already shown on your bill, please contact the council tax office.

Greater London Authority

Introduction

The Mayor's 2008-09 budget builds on the previous seven budgets, improving London's policing, transport and fire services. This year's budget also provides sustained investment to improve the capital's environment and tackle climate change.

Efficiencies and other savings of £270 million have helped the Mayor to restrict the increase in the council tax precept to 2% or 11p per week for a band D property, below the rate of inflation.

The budget includes a further planned increase of 1,000 police officers in 2008-09. This is in addition to the 10,000 increase in uniformed officers since 2001.

<i>Changes in council tax</i>	<i>£</i>	<i>Increase per wk</i>
2007-08 band D amount	303.88	
Metropolitan Police Authority	3.42	7p
London Fire & Emergency Planning Authority	3.34	6p
Greater London Authority	0.15	-
Transport for London	-0.04	-
Surplus on borough Collection Funds	-0.93	-2p
2008-09 band D amount	309.82	11p

The Mayor's responsibilities have been extended to include housing, adult skills, planning, waste, culture and sport, health, sustainable development, energy and climate

change. The GLA is also now responsible for the Museum of London, for which additional funding will be received.

<i>How the budget is funded</i>	<i>£m</i>
Gross expenditure	11,346
Fares, charges and other income	-3,901
Government grants for specific purposes	-3,661
Government grants and redistributed business rates	-2,235
Paid out of reserves (TfL)	-613
Paid out of reserves (other)	-22
Surplus in the council tax collection fund	-6
Amount met by council tax payers	908

Policing

Recorded crime has fallen for five consecutive years and the budget proposals include a net £3.9 million to develop borough partnerships in two-year deals to provide an extra 320 police officers to tackle specific community issues. There is an extra £2 million for 20 officer posts to provide more proactive resources in combating the increasingly harmful gun and gang culture and an additional £5 million to continue the roll-out of Integrated Borough Operations to provide important local information and intelligence to help deliver the best response to incidents and ensure public and officer safety.

Transport

2008 sees the beginning of the Low Emission Zone, which introduces improved emission control standards for all HGVs, coaches, taxis and buses entering the zone.

Other priorities for 2008-09 are:

- Victoria line being upgraded – a process that will end with new trains in 2009;
- all District line trains refurbished by 2009;
- DLR scheduled to introduce 55 new railcars from 2008;
- £30 million for Travel Demand Management;
- improvement programme for London Overground;
- charges on Dial-A-Ride services scrapped;
- 20% more investment in walking and cycling;
- financial incentives to boroughs to implement 20 mph zones.

<i>Changes in spending</i>	<i>£m</i>
2007-08 budget requirement	3,061.8
Inflation	222.3
Efficiency and other savings	-270.3
Existing services and new initiatives (net of grant increases)	678.4
2008 Mayor and Assembly Elections (funded from reserves)	-11.1
Planned movements in reserves, working capital and borrowings	-532.5
2008-09 budget requirement	3,148.6

Fire

LFEPa has achieved significant fire reduction improvements through the 'prevention is better than cure' strategy. Highlights of recent performance include reductions in the number of fires, fire deaths and injuries; an increase

in community safety activity and a continued fall in the number of hoax calls.

The budget for LFEPA in 2008-09 has been developed to build on these achievements and to support the aim of making London a safer city, with resilience an integral part of the budget. In addition to this the budget will support LFEPA in promoting sustainable development and in maximising the impact the Fire Authority can have on reducing pollution and harmful emissions.

Olympics

The amount to be raised through the council tax precept for the 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games remains at 38p per week for a band D household – the same as for each of the past two years. To raise £625 million will require £20 at band D for seven more years and £9 in the final year, 2016-17.

Transport schemes for the Olympics are being designed to leave a lasting legacy, underpinning the regeneration of East London and providing the infrastructure to support 40,000 new homes for Londoners.

Security, safety and resilience arrangements for the 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games are being co-ordinated by the Metropolitan Police. The costs of this and the dedicated project team at LFEPA will be met by Government.

London Youth Offer

A £79 million fund has been set up, with £20 million of the funding provided by the LDA. The purpose of the Mayor's Youth Offer is to help provide more places to go and things to do for young Londoners; provide more support

for parents; and give young people new opportunities to gain new skills and raise their aspirations.

Climate change

The Mayor's Climate Change Action Plan, published in 2007, sets the framework for the GLA group to reduce carbon emissions up to 2025, through measures to reduce non-renewable energy consumption, minimise waste and increase recycling, and promote water efficiency.

In 2008 the Mayor will continue to take a leading role in the Large Cities Climate Change group.

The LDA has committed £35 million over three years for the delivery of the Climate Change Action Plan programmes and will expand on the existing Green Homes programme. A further £18 million over three years has been committed for the delivery of new waste and recycling facilities.

£	MPA	LFEPa	TfL	LDA	GLA	Collection fund	Total
2007-08 band D council tax precept	223.60	47.12	4.13	Nil	30.00	-0.97	303.88
Increase for 2008-09	3.42	3.34	-0.04	-	0.15	-0.93	5.94
2008-09 band D council tax precept	227.02	50.46	4.09	Nil	30.15	-1.90	309.82

The Metropolitan Police District does not include the City of London and therefore a band D council taxpayer in the City will pay £82.80 for LFEPa, TfL and GLA.

£m	MPA		LFEPa		TfL		LDA		GLA		Total	
	2007-08	2008-09	2007-08	2008-09	2007-08	2008-09	2007-08	2008-09	2007-08	2008-09	2007-08	2008-09
Gross expenditure	3,309.9	3,510.8	443.0	453.4	6,397.0	6,821.0	418.2	406.7	153.7	153.7	10,721.8	11,345.6
Specific grants	-500.4	-613.6	-9.5	-8.3	-2,598.0	-2,649.0	-418.2	-389.7	-1.5	-0.6	-3,527.6	-3,661.2
Other income	-272.8	-302.2	-19.6	-19.8	-3,397.0	-3,547.0	-	-17.0	-14.6	-15.3	-3,704.0	-3,901.3
Net expenditure	2,536.7	2,595.0	413.9	425.3	402.0	625.0	-	-	137.6	137.8	3,490.2	3,783.1
Reserves	-4.0	-	-22.4	-20.2	-390.0	-613.0	-	-	-12.0	-1.3	-428.4	-634.5
Budget requirement	2,532.7	2,595.0	391.5	405.1	12.0	12.0	Nil	Nil	125.6	136.5	3,061.8	3,148.6

More information on the budget is available on the GLA website at www.london.gov.uk. (tel: 020 7983 4000).

Environment Agency – Thames region

The Council Tax and Non-Domestic Rating (Demand Notices) (England) Regulations 2003.

The Environment Agency, as a levying body for its flood defence functions, under the above regulations, provides the following information:

The Thames Region is home to 12 million people. Within the region it is our job to maintain 5,200km of Main River and 193km of tidal defences. This includes operating the Thames Barrier – London’s main defence against flooding. Flood defence money is spent on the construction of new flood defence schemes, the maintenance of the river system and existing flood defences together with the operation of a flood warning system. The financial details are:

Thames Regional Flood Defence Committee

	<i>2007/2008</i>	<i>2008/2009</i>
	<i>£'000</i>	<i>£'000</i>
Gross Expenditure	81,551	88,357
Net Expenditure	69,749	76,342
Levies Raised	9,000	10,000
Total Council Tax Base	4,904	4,952

The majority of funding for flood defence comes directly from the Department for the Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra). However, where there are schemes which do not attract central funding the Agency may seek funding from County and Metropolitan Councils, Unitary Authorities and London Boroughs in the form of

a Local Levy. The Local Levy is shared on the basis of Band D Equivalentents between all contributing bodies within the Committee Area.

Changes in the gross expenditure between the years are due mainly to a £5.9m increase in Grant Aid and a £1m increase in the programme of levy schemes in 2008/09. The total Local Levy has increased from £9m in 2007/08 to £10m for 2008/09.



Lee Valley Regional Park Authority

The Lee Valley Regional Park Authority was established by an Act of Parliament in 1966 to regenerate, develop and manage approximately 10,000 acres of the Lee Valley, which had become largely derelict, and transform it into a unique leisure and nature conservation resource for the benefit of Hertfordshire, Essex and London.

Budget/Levy Changes – 2007/2008 to 2008/2009 (£'000)

	<i>2007/08</i>	<i>2008/09</i>
	<i>£m</i>	<i>£m</i>
Gross Operating Expenditure	13.9	14.1
Gross Operating Income	(5.3)	(5.3)
Net Service Operating Costs	8.6	8.8
Financing Costs		
– Debt servicing/repayments	0.7	0.7
– New capital investment	2.6	2.6
Total Net Expenditure	11.9	12.1

Further details on how this budget is spent and the amount each council contributes can be found at www.leevalleypark.org.uk.

London Pensions Fund Authority

The London Pensions Fund Authority (LPFA) raises a levy each year to meet expenditure on premature retirement compensation and outstanding personnel matters for which LPFA is now responsible and cannot charge to the pension fund. These payments relate to former employees of the Greater London Council, the Inner London Education Authority and the London Residuary Body.

For 2008-09, the expenditure to be raised by levies is as follows:

Inner London	£12,599,000	(-3%)
Greater London	£12,366,000	(+42%)
Total	£24,965,000	(+15%)

The reduction in the levy for Inner London arises from reductions in expenditure and the use of surplus balances.

The increase in the levy for Greater London is due to the legislative impact of the Compensation Act 2006. This has resulted in a higher incidence of settled and anticipated asbestosis claims, attaching to residual liabilities of the former Greater London Council (and successor bodies).

On average the council tax per household is £11.31 for Inner London and £4.22 for Greater London.

How to contact us

Council tax enquiries contact us at:

-  The Council Tax Office
1S/02 Civic Centre
High Street, Uxbridge UB8 1UW
-  01895 250000
-  01895 250879
-  Email counciltax@hillington.gov.uk

To apply for council tax benefits contact us at:

-  The Benefits Office
PO Box 458
Uxbridge, Middlesex, UB8 1HN
-  01895 277090

The council has a duty to protect the public funds that it administers. The council will take steps to verify information given in support of any claim, discount or exemption by matching with data held elsewhere within the authority or with other external bodies involved in the administration of public funds, for the prevention and detection of fraud.

The council is required under section 6 of the Audit Commission Act 1988 to participate in the National Fraud Initiative (NFI) data matching exercise. Council tax data will be provided to the Audit Commission for the NFI and will be used for cross-system and cross-authority comparison purposes for the prevention and detection of fraud.

Obtaining information in your language

This leaflet contains important information about your Council Tax. If you would like a copy in your own language, please ask an English speaker to phone 01895 250111 on your behalf

ALBANIAN

Kjo broshurë përmban informata të rendësishme në lidhje me Taksat Komunale. Nëse dëshironi ta keni një kopje të tillë në gjuhën e juaj, ju lutemi i drejtoheni dikujt që e flet gjuhën Angleze që të telefonoj në emrin tuaj ne telefonin: 01895 250111

BENGALI

এই তথ্যপত্র (লিফলেট) আপনার কাউন্সিল ট্যাক্স সম্পর্কে মূল্যবান তথ্য ও খবরাখবর রয়েছে। তথ্যপত্রটির একটি কপি আপনার নিজ ভাষায় চাইলে, অনুগ্রহ করে, ইংরেজিতে কথা বলতে পারেন এমন কাউকে আপনার পক্ষ হয়ে 01895 250111 নাম্বারে ফোন করার অনুরোধ করুন

CHINESE SIMPLIFIED

这份单张含有地方政府税的重要信息。如果你需要一份以你的母语书写的单张，请叫一位会说英语的人替你致电：01895 250111。

PUNJABI

ਇਸ ਲੀਫਲੈੱਟ ਵਿਚ ਤੁਹਾਡੇ ਕੌਂਸਲ ਟੈਕਸ ਬਾਰੇ ਮਹੱਤਵਪੂਰਨ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹੈ। ਜੇਕਰ ਤੁਹਾਨੂੰ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਵਿਚ ਇਸਦੀ ਕਾਪੀ ਚਾਹੀਦੀ ਹੈ ਤਾਂ, ਕਿਸੇ ਅੰਗਰੇਜ਼ੀ ਬੋਲਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਵਿਅਕਤੀ ਨੂੰ ਮੁਹੱ ਕਰੋ ਕਿ ਉਹ ਤੁਹਾਡੇ ਵਲੋਂ 01895 250111 'ਤੇ ਟੈਲੀਫੋਨ ਕਰੇ।

SOMALI

Buugyarahani wuxuu xanbaarsan yahay warbixin muhiim ah oo caashuurta deegaankaga ah [Council Tax]. Haddii aad nuqul afkaaga ku rabtid, fadlan ka codso qof af-ingiriisiga ku hadla inuu kuu waco lambarkan 01895 250111.

TAMIL

இந்தப் பிரசுரத்தில் உங்களுடைய கவுன்சில் வரி (Council Tax) பற்றிய முக்கிய தகவல் அடங்கி உள்ளது. உங்களுக்கு உங்களுடைய சொந்த மொழியில் ஒரு பிரதி தேவையாயின் ஆங்கிலத்தில் பேசக் கூடியவரை 01895 250111 இல் உங்கள் சார்பில் தொடர்பு கொள்ளச் சொல்லவும்.

URDU

اس لیف لٹ میں آپ کے کونسل ٹیکس کے بارے میں اہم معلومات دی گئی ہیں۔ اگر آپ اس کی کاپی اپنی زبان میں لینا چاہتے ہوں، براہ مہربانی کسی انگریز بولنے والے سے کہیں کہ وہ آپ کی طرف سے ٹیلیفون نمبر 01895 250111 پر فون کرے۔

This information is also available in large print Braille and on audio tape

